Penponds School



Relationships, Sex and Health Education Policy

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Approved by:	Alvine Holmes – Chair of Governors
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1. Aims

The aims of relationships, sex and health education (RSHE) at our school are to:

- > Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place, supported by quality information and resources
- > Promote mental and physical health and equip our pupils with strategies to support their wellbeing
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- > Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- > Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- > Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies
- > Link our RSHE teaching and learning to our school values
- > Acknowledge the impact we can have on others

2. Statutory requirements

As a primary academy we must provide relationships education to all pupils as per section 34 of the <u>Children</u> and <u>Social work act 2017</u>.

We choose to use the National Curriculum objectives, including requirements to teach science which would include the elements of sex education contained in the science curriculum.

At Penponds School we teach RSHE as set out in this policy.

3. Policy development

This policy has been developed in consultation with staff, pupils and parents. The consultation and policy development process involved the following steps:

- 1. Review a member of staff or working group pulled together all relevant information including relevant national and local guidance. (RSHE lead)
- 2. Staff consultation staff regularly review the teaching and delivery of RSHE and contribute to reviews of our provision throughout the year
- 3. Parent/stakeholder consultation parents and any interested parties were invited to contribute their responses about the planning of RSHE in December 2020
- 4. Pupil consultation regular pupil conferencing is used to ensure pupil voice is considered when implementing RSHE
- 5. Ratification once amendments were made, the policy was shared with governors and ratified

4. Definition

RSHE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about positive relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity. It involves a combination of sharing information, and exploring issues and values, in a supportive environment.

RSHE is not about the promotion of sexual activity. However:

If pupils are not offered effective relationship and sex education that allows them to have their questions answered and is informative they may find their information elsewhere from unreliable sources.

Therefore, alongside our Science curriculum, we will cover aspects of Sexual Education to ensure our pupils are informed and we can meet the needs of our pupils.

5. Curriculum

Our curriculum is set out as per Appendix 1 but we may need to adapt it as and when necessary; we do review elements on a year by year basis, particularly the Sex Education elements.

We have developed the curriculum in consultation with parents, pupils and staff, taking into account the age, needs and feelings of pupils. If pupils ask questions outside the scope of this policy, teachers will respond in an appropriate manner so they are fully informed and don't seek answers online.

Primary sex education will focus on:

- > Preparing children for the changes that adolescence brings.
- > How a baby is conceived and born.

For more information about our curriculum, see our curriculum map in Appendix 1.

6. Delivery of RSHE

RSHE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSHE may also be taught within the Science curriculum, and other aspects are included in Religious Education (RE).

Relationships education focuses on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships including:

- > Families and people who care for me
- > Caring friendships
- > Respectful relationships
- > Online relationships

> Being safe

Sexual education will focus on:

- > Conception and birth
- > Contraception
- > Topics may arise during these lessons where teachers will decide on a case by case basis how to respond and teach such topics.

Health education focuses on:

- > Mental health, wellbeing and feelings
- > Physical health and activity

- > The impact of drugs, alcohol, lifestyle on our bodies
- > Nutrition
- > First aid
- > Sun safety
- > Puberty including menstruation

For more information about our RSE curriculum, see Appendices 1 and 2.

These areas of learning are taught within the context of family life taking care to ensure that there is no stigmatisation of children based on their home circumstances (families can include single parent families, LGBT parents, families headed by grandparents, adoptive parents, foster parents/carers amongst other structures) along with reflecting sensitively that some children may have a different structure of support around them (for example: looked after children or young carers).

7. Roles and responsibilities

7.1 The governing board

The governing board will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

7.2 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSHE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from non-statutory/non-science components of RSHE (see section 8).

7.3 Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- > Delivering RSHE in a sensitive way
- > Modelling positive attitudes to all areas of RSHE
- > Monitoring progress and using this to review provision
- > Responding to the needs of individual or groups of pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the non-statutory/nonscience components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSHE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSHE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

RSHE lead - Rebekah Bailey

Class teachers responsible for teaching of lessons

7.4 Pupils

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSHE and, when discussing issues related to RSHE, treat others with respect and sensitivity.

8. Parents' right to withdraw

Parents do not have the right to withdraw their children from relationships and health education.

Parents have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory/non-science components of sex education within RSHE. Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing using the form found in Appendix 3 of this policy and addressed to the headteacher.

We would encourage parents/ carers to firstly discuss their concerns with a member of staff, before requesting a withdrawal from sex education.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from sex education.

9. Training

Staff are trained on the delivery of RSHE as part of their induction and it is included in our continuing professional development calendar.

The headteacher will also invite visitors from outside the school, such as school nurses or sexual health professionals, to provide support and training to staff teaching RSHE when appropriate/ necessary.

10. Monitoring arrangements

The delivery of RSHE is monitored by the RSHE Lead through:

- > Learning walks
- > Pupil conferencing
- > Planning checks
- > Book looks

Pupils' development in RSHE is monitored by class teachers as part of our internal assessment systems.

This policy will be reviewed by the RSHE Lead, annually. At every review, the policy will be approved by the governing board.

Appendix 1

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year	Welcome to School	People who care for us	Healthy Friendships	Our Health	We all have feelings	Managing our
1/2		Identify different	Identify what makes	Explain how we can look after		time safely whilst
(В)	Explain what positive	people in our lives who	a good friend	our health	Recognise and name	online
	behaviour is and why it is	cares for us	Describe how to be a	Explain how we keep our	some feelings that I	
	important	Explain how I show	good friend	bodies healthy through our	might have	Describe how
	Understand how rules can	that I care	Be able to use some	diet, dental hygiene, sleep	Explain how feelings can	something online
	keep us safe	Understand that all	simple tools to help	and sun safety	make our bodies feel	might make
	Identify who the adults are	families are different	solve conflicts	Explain how we need to	inside	someone feel
	in school and how they	but have the same key	Understand how to	balance physical activity with	Describe how other's	worried or sad
	help us	qualities	get help to make a	time online	might be feeling	Recognise
		Understand that	friendship better		Identify who can help	different feelings
	Emergencies and Getting	people are different		Healthy Food Choices	me with feelings, and	Identify up to fou
	Help	too, but they have the	Our Bodies and	Identify different fruit and	how I can help others	adults who can
	Safely get help in an	same needs	Boundaries	vegetables		help with
	emergency, including	Describe how to get	Understand and	Explore and evaluate fruit and	Good and not so good	problems online
	calling 999	help if someone is	learn the PANTS rules	vegetables, describing their	feelings	
	Understand how to care	making me feel unsafe	Name body parts and	feel, appearance, smell and	Identify feelings that are	
	for myself and others		know which parts	taste	good and not so good	
		Rights, Responsibilities	should be private	Recall the new recommended	Recognise that people	
		and Respect	Know the difference	daily maximum sugar intake	feel differently about	
		Know how to be kind	between appropriate	for my age range	things and situations	
		to others	and inappropriate	Explain why fruit and	Explain what can change	
		Explain how certain	touch	vegetables are an important	my feelings (from good	
		behaviours help us	Understand that I	part of a healthy diet, are a	to not so good and from	
		show respect to others	have the right to say	good sugar swap and why	not so good to good)	
		(such as kindness,	"no" to unwanted	they are important to my 5-a-	Suggest things that can	
		helpfulness and	touch	day	help me and others to	
		honesty)	Start thinking about	Understand and compare the	feel better	
		Be able to show	who I trust and who I	sugar content in a variety of		
		gratitude for the kind	can ask for help	food and drink products		
		behaviour of others		Select lower-sugar		
				alternatives to high-sugar		
				products		

Year 1/2 (A)	Respecting Uniqueness Explain what special and unique mean Describe their own special and unique characteristics Explain how we respect the special and unique characteristics of others Our Communities Explain what a community is Discuss what communities they belong to Understand what a stereotype is Explain how stereotypes can be harmful	Every day safety Refresh knowledge about calling 999 in an emergency Understand dangers in everyday situations and how to keep safe Recognise how to keep safe at home, including fire safety with electrical appliances, lighters and matches Identify that some household products and medicines are harmful Recognise how to stay safe outdoors, especially around water and roads Know who to ask for help if we're worried about our/someone else's safety Basic First Aid Learn first aid skills Feel confident to help someone who needs first aid Feel able to help someone in need of first aid	Learning about Work Identify their own and other's strengths Know what a job is and why people do them Be able to describe some community jobs Know what makes someone good at their job Horrible Hands Understand that infection can be spread through touch Understand that we can pick up microbes through things we touch and spread them to others Understand that we wash hands to remove microbes Understand that washing hands is the best way to prevent the spread of microbes Understand that washing with soap and water is better than using water	Sharing Pictures Describe what might happen if we share a picture Identify the effect of people's actions online and consider ways of keeping myself and others safe Recognise that I can be an 'upstander' by choosing not to join in Identify up to four adults in my life who I trust and how I can ask them for help if I have a problem online Playing Games Describe what personal information is and the importance of not sharing this Recognise different feelings they might encounter online and how the body might tell them something 'doesn't feel right' Identify up to four adults in my life who I trust and how to ask them for help if I have a problem online	Online Friends Describe the qualities that make a good friend Identify that people online may not tell the truth Explain the difference between a secret and a surprise Identify up to four adults in my life who I trust and how to ask them for help if I have a problem online Big Feelings Recognise that feelings can intensify (get stronger) Describe how big feelings can affect their behaviour Identify what can help them feel better when they have a big feeling (including talking to trusted adults) Use words or phrases to ask for help with feelings	Keeping our Teeth Healthy Understand the importance of brushing, flossing and rinsing Explain how to brush, floss and rinse Understand what healthy teeth are and name basic parts of a tooth Know what foods to avoid to keep teeth healthy Understand what happens during a dentist appointment
			and water is better			

Year	World of work	Road Safety	Physical Activity	The Internet and everyday	Expressing Feelings	Sun Safety
3/4	Identify my strengths and	Identify and model the	Explain the benefits	life	Name a wide range of	Explain what
(B)	goals	'Stop, Look, Listen,	of physical activity on	Describe how someone might	feelings and emotions	ultraviolet or UV
	Identify different career	Think' sequence	our body and mind	feel if people are always on	Match feelings to a scale	light is
	paths	Recognise safer places	Identify the	their devices	of intensity and identify	Explain how our
	Explore factors that	to cross the road	recommendations of	Evaluate how much time they	strong feelings	skin can be
	influence job decisions	Understand their	regular physical	spend on my digital devices	Describe different	damaged by UV
	(stereotypes, family,	responsibilities as a	activity for their age	Identify the benefits of taking	feelings and how they	light
	values, money)	pedestrian, a cyclist, a	group	time to disconnect from	are experienced in the	Explain how we
	Explain key skills that will	passenger in a car or	Explain how physical	digital devices	body	can keep skin safe
	help me get a job	on public transport	activity makes our		Recognise why it is	and healthy with
	Identify a range of	Understand risk and	bodies feel	Everyday Feelings	important for people to	some simple
	different education and	the effect of risky	Describe why	Identify that	express their feelings	measures
	training opportunities	behaviour	exercise makes us	feelings/emotions are part of		Explain how
		Identify the strategy of	feel good	a person's health and	Strategies to support	sunblock or
	Spending and Saving	'Stop and Think' to		wellbeing	positive mental	sunscreen can
	Money	cope with dangerous	Drugs	Recognise that feelings	wellbeing	protect our skin
	Identify different types of	situations caused by	Identify that some	usually change throughout	Recognise that mental	
	money	others	drugs are legal and	the day	health is as important as	
	Explain where money		some are illegal	Give examples of everyday	physical health	
	comes from	Individual and	Have a basic	things that can affect feelings	Understand that	
	Identify different ways that	Collective Strengths	understanding of the	Describe what can help	everyone experiences	
	people choose to use their	Identify what skills are	health risks of legal	people to feel good/better	ups and downs in their	
	money (including savings)	needed to work with	drugs		mental health	
	Identify the difference	others in a team	Have a basic		Identify key strategies	
	between needing and	Understand that	understanding of the		and techniques to	
	wanting to spend money	everyone brings	dangers of illegal		support positive mental	
	Explain how to keep	different strengths to	drugs		wellbeing	
	money safe	working in a team	Be aware of the		Know where to go for	
		Recognise what they	reasons that some		help if they or a friend is	
		are good at when	people may choose		feeling unhappy	
		working in a team	to use legal drugs			
			Be aware that they			
		Firework Safety	can always ask for			
			help and who to ask			
			for support			

Year 3/4 (A)	What makes a good friend? Identify the qualities of a good friend (on/ offline) Describe the effects of Ioneliness and how to support ourselves and others Understand that friendships change across our lifetime Identify how to manage conflict in friendships positively Describe how to get support Respecting Others Explain what respect means Explain how to show respect in a debate Understand that there are	Resolving Conflict and managing negative pressure Identify how friendships supports our wellbeing Identify some tools to build good friendships Explain how to manage and resolve conflict Explain when and how to get support Identify what peer pressure is Everyday safety and basic first aid Learn and practise how to keep yourself and others safe Learn how to care for yourself and others Learn how to safely get	Money Choices Explain how people pay for things Explain why people spend or save Identify why something might be "good value" Identify different priorities that effect our spending decisions Use basic budgeting tools Volunteering and citizenship Describe what a good citizen is and understand how they can be a good citizen Explain what volunteering means	Safely enjoying the online world Recognise when something encountered online 'doesn't feel right' Identify and resist pressurising and manipulative behaviour Identify some risks of sharing photos, videos and comments publicly Explain what privacy settings are used for and how they can help Give examples of how online actions can affect others Keeping personal information safe and private online Give examples of content which may be appropriate or inappropriate to share online Explain the possible	Understanding that not everyone is who they say they are online Identify different tactics someone might use to manipulate another person online Explain what to do if someone tries to pressure or manipulate them Share ideas about how technology can be used positively Managing Feelings Explain how feelings and emotions can influence actions and behaviour Identify ways of coping with feelings in different situations Explain why it is	The Environment Explain what climate change is Identify different ways we can protect the environment Explain what changes we can make at home and at school to protect the environment Beach Safety Visit (RNLI) Surf day – Surf safety – Global Boarders
	Identify how to manage conflict in friendships positively Describe how to get	to get support Identify what peer pressure is	decisions Use basic budgeting tools	Explain what privacy settings are used for and how they can help Give examples of how online	Share ideas about how technology can be used positively	protect the environment
	Respecting Others Explain what respect means Explain how to show respect in a debate	basic first aid Learn and practise how to keep yourself and others safe Learn how to care for yourself and others	citizenship Describe what a good citizen is and understand how they can be a good citizen Explain what	Keeping personal information safe and private online Give examples of content which may be appropriate or inappropriate to share online	Explain how feelings and emotions can influence actions and behaviour Identify ways of coping with feelings in different situations	(RNLI) Surf day – Surf safety – Global

Year	A Diverse Community	Illness	Exploring risk in	Online Content – can you	Mental health and	Year 5 only
5/6	Describe the different	Explain what it feels	everyday situations	trust everything you see	keeping well	Social Media
(B)	communities that we	like when we are	Assess how risky	online?	Explain what is meant by	Recognise what
	belong to	unwell	different everyday	Understand that not	the term 'mental health'	wellbeing and
	Explain what diversity	Explain what the	activities are	everything online is	Identify everyday	social media mean
	means	immune system is	Describe how	trustworthy	behaviours that can help	Describe actions a
	Describe my personal	Describe different	important it is to	Recognise some of the	to support mental (and	person can take to
	identify in simple terms	ways to keep our	'stop and think'	differences between fact and	physical) health	look after their
	Understand that we	bodies healthy	before taking a risk	opinion	Recognise that we can	wellbeing with a
	shouldn't discriminate	Understand how some	Explain what makes a	Describe how to make	take care of our mental	balance of online
	against others	medications and	risk worth taking and	decisions on what they trust	health (as well as our	and offline
	Understand that we are all	vaccinations can help	what makes it too	online using agreed criteria	physical health)	activities
	connected	to keep us healthy	risky			Evaluate the
		Identify who can help		Online Contact- Can you trust	Managing challenges	positives and
	Respectful Relationships	us when we are feeling		everyone who contacts you	and change	negatives of social
	Identify the features of a	unwell		online?	Describe what can	media
	positive family life			Recognise that it is their own	impact on mental health	
	Recognising similarities	Nutrition and Healthy		choice to accept something	(life events and	Year 6 only
	and differences between	eating		online	circumstances) and how	Bodies and
	people in the community	Be able to identify the		Recognise ways that people	mental wellbeing can be	Reproduction
	Understand how to	different food groups		may seek to persuade them	affected	Correctly identify
	respect differences within	in a balanced diet		online	Recognise conflicting	parts of external
	the community and	To explain what foods		Know what to do if they have	emotions and when	genitalia and
	classroom	are not healthy and		any concerns about	these might be	internal
	Defines what self respect is	reasons why		something they experience	experienced	reproductive
	and why this is important	Be able to plan a		online	Explain how feelings and	organs
	Recognises how to have	healthy meal			emotions change over	Understand that
	and encourage polite,				time	everyone's bodies
	respectful relationships				Identify positive actions	are different and
					to support mental	we should respect
	Bike Safety – Bikeability				wellbeing during difficult	this
	Level 1				times, including	Describe key facts
					identifying their personal	about
					support network	reproduction and
						pregnancy
						Know where to
						ask for help with

				questions about
				their bodies
				Changes
				Define what
				puberty means
				Understand that
				everyone will
				experience
				puberty differently
				Identify key
				changes which
				happen during
				puberty
				Understand what
				menstruation is
				Understand where
				to go for help and
				support around
				puberty and their
				bodies
				Beach Safety Visit
				(RNLI)
				Surf day – Surf
				safety – Global
				Boarders
				Y6 will also focus
				on Moving
				schools/ transition
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Year	Different types of families	Keeping your body	Spending decisions	Online friendships and	Feelings and common	Year 5 only
5/6	Identify the shared	safe – part 1	Identify ways to keep	keeping safe	anxieties when changing	Social Media
(A)	characteristics of healthy	Define safe and unsafe	money safe from loss	Understand the dangers of	schools	Recognise what
	family life	Identify which parts of	or theft	taking personal photographs	Identify feelings people	wellbeing and
	Explain different types of	the body are private	Explain how money	and sharing them online	might experience when	social media mean
	romantic relationships	Define inappropriate	impacts well-being		starting a new school /	Describe actions a
	Identify why some people	or unwanted touch	Identify how		moving to secondary	person can take to
	chose to marry or have a	Recognise the right of	spending decisions	Skills for using the internet	school (KS3)	look after their
	civil partnership	each individual to	affect others	safely	Recognise common	wellbeing with a
	Identify different family	decide who can touch	including the	Understand the dangers of	causes of worry,	balance of online
	structures and the	their body, where and	environment and	chatting to strangers online	challenges and	and offline
	similarities between these	in what way	supporting charities		opportunities that may	activities
	families	Identify places and			be part of this transition	Evaluate the
	Explain how to get support	people who can offer	Exploring in relation		Identify and evaluate the	positives and
	if a family relationship is	help if we are feeling	to gambling		usefulness and reliability	negatives of social
	making me feel unhappy/	unsafe	Explain risk in		of different sources of	media
	unsafe	Keeping your body	relation to gambling		support and information	Year 6 only
	Healthy and Harmful	safe – part 2	Identify how winning		available; explain how to	Bodies and
	Relationships		or losing can affect a		access them	Reproduction
	Identify on/ offline bullying	Recognise the right of	person's feelings and		Identify ways to	Correctly identify
	and how to manage this	each individual to	what makes		positively manage the	parts of external
	Identify some harmful	decide who can touch	someone want to		move to secondary	genitalia and
	behaviours in a	their body, where, and	take the risk		school (KS3)	internal
	relationship	in what way	Describe what can			reproductive
	Explain what forced	Can explain consent	influence someone to		Changing Schools	organs
	marriage is and how to get	Recognise the	gamble or feel		Identify the differences	Understand that
	support	importance of	pressure to do so		between primary and	everyone's bodies
	Define stereotype and	permission	Recognise who to ask		secondary school	are different and
	discrimination and some	seeking/giving	for help if concerned		Describe how it might	we should respect
	strategies to challenge this	behaviour, and how	about gambling or		feel to move to	this
	Understand where to go	this can be	the pressure to do		secondary school	Describe key facts
	for help or support with	communicated	something like		Explain different ways of	about
	harmful behaviour	Identify places and	gambling		managing change	reproduction and
	Bike Safety – Bikeability	people who can offer				pregnancy
	Level 2	help if we are feeling			Beach Safety Visit (RNLI)	Know where to
		unsafe				ask for help with
						questions about

			their bodies
			Changes Define what puberty means Understand that everyone will experience puberty differently Identify key changes which happen during puberty Understand what menstruation is Understand where
			to go for help and support around puberty and their bodies

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Families and	That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, security and stability
people who care about me	• The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives
	• That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care
	• That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up
	• That marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong
	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed
Caring	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends
friendships	• The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties
	• That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded
	• That most friendships have ups and downs, and that these can often be worked through so that the friendship is repaired or even strengthened, and that resorting to violence is never right
	• How to recognise who to trust and who not to trust, how to judge when a friendship is making them feel unhappy or uncomfortable, managing conflict, how to manage these situations and how to seek help or advice from others, if needed

TOPIC	PUPILS SHOULD KNOW
Respectful relationships	• The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or beliefs
	Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships
	The conventions of courtesy and manners
	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness
	• That in school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and that in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in positions of authority
	• About different types of bullying (including cyberbullying), the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (primarily reporting bullying to an adult) and how to get help
	What a stereotype is, and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive
	The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults
Online	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not
relationships	• That the same principles apply to online relationships as to face-to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others online including when we are anonymous
	• The rules and principles for keeping safe online, how to recognise risks, harmful content and contact, and how to report them
	• How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met
	How information and data is shared and used online
Being safe	What sorts of boundaries are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in a digital context)
	• About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe
	• That each person's body belongs to them, and the differences between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact
	 How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult
	 How to ask for advice or help for themselves or others, and to keep trying until they are heard
	 How to report concerns or abuse, and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so
	Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources

Appendix 3: Parent form: withdrawal from sex education within RSE

TO BE COMPLETED BY PARENTS				
Name of child		Class		
Name of parent		Date		
Reason for withdrawing from sex education within relationships and sex education				
Any other information you would like the school to consider				
Parent signature				

TO BE COMPLETED BY THE SCHOOL

Agreed actions from discussion with parents	